

oats, barley and rye. An open quota basis was issued for delivery of rye as at Oct. 19, 1962. Flaxseed and rapeseed, the latter defined as a grain in an amendment to the Canadian Wheat Board Act, were on open quota for the entire 1962-63 crop year.

Total commercial supplies at the beginning of the crop year were more than 100,000,000 bu. less than a year previously, most of the decline occurring in country elevator stocks. As a result, marketings were heavy early in the crop year and quotas were advanced as additional space became available. By June 24, 1963, slightly more than half of the operating delivery points in the Western Division were on a 12-bu. quota. Marketings were heavy during June and July as producers, acknowledging the indications of above-normal yields, took advantage of delivery privilege to reduce farm stocks. By the end of the crop year, all but six delivery points had been placed on the 12-bu. quota.

Wheat.—Total supplies of wheat for the 1962-63 crop year were estimated at 956,625,000 bu., 7 p.c. above the 1961-62 total of 891,240,000 bu.; a sharp increase in production more than offset a substantial decline in carryover stocks. Exports of wheat and flour in terms of wheat at 331,367,000 bu. were 7 p.c. lower than the 358,022,000 bu. of the previous year but were 8 p.c. higher than the ten-year (1951-52—1960-61) average of 307,038,000 bu. Domestic disappearance of wheat declined to 138,011,000 bu., the lowest level since 1949-50, and was down 3 p.c. from the 1961-62 figure of 142,160,000 bu. Total

